KAPALGA FIRE EXPERIMENT

Location: Kakadu National Park, Northern Australia

Duration: 5 years (1990-1994)

Vegetation type: Tropical savanna, Eucalyptus-dominated

Mean annual rainfall: 1000-1400mm

Aspects of fire regime tested: Season (burning was annual)

Burning treatments: Early dry season, late dry season, progressive (throughout the dry season), unburned controls

Plot size: Landscape scale (watershed)

Replication: Each treatment was replicated four times.

Selected references:


